

Big Vaudeville Show Lyric Theatre

Commencing Sunday, August 4

2--Big Vaudeville Acts--2

Curran & Miller, presenting "Jimmie's Girl," a Classy Act for Classy People and Kingsley & Roberts

3 Reels Best Pictures

Admission 20c Children 10c

Our Specialties

Second hand [marked down] land—good as new—sometimes better, always on hand. Our list is growing at both ends daily. Strangers in city always welcome, come in and buy or sell while you rest.

Order your packages [valuables of any kind] sent to our care, no trouble to keep them. Watch out for big things in this space tomorrow.

J. M. WELLS REALTY CO.

Phone 6-5-6 414 1-2 Starr St.

BATHING

Pavilion Hotel
Bath House
Best Bathing
in Town

Vitrified Paving Brick laid under the specifications prepared by your city engineer makes the most durable pavement that can be constructed and is guaranteed for ten years without additional cost.

With an asphalt filler it is practically noiseless and absolutely sanitary. The citizens of Houston Heights after spending three months investigating different paving materials unanimously decided to pave their boulevard four miles in length with vitrified brick.

Why not take advantage of their experience and pave your streets with vitrified brick. The following are a very few of the streets laid with vitrified brick which have cost virtually nothing for repairs and which are in good condition today. A list of hundreds of other streets will be furnished on application:

Ohio Street, Terra Haute, Ind. laid 1891, 19 years old.
5th and 6th street, Terra Haute, Ind. laid 1891, 21 years old.
East Rich, Columbus, Ohio, laid 1892, 20 years old.
Winslow Ave., Cincinnati, laid 1896, 16 years old.
West 4th St., Newport, Ky., laid 1892, 20 years old.
West 4th St., Williamsport, Pa., laid 1893, 19 years old.
Groveland Ave., Chicago, Ill., laid in 1898, 16 years old.
53rd Street, Chicago, Ill. laid 1895, 17 years old.
Main Street, Akron, Ohio, laid 1891, 21 years old.
Main Street, Butler, Pa., laid 1898, 24 years old.
Williams Street, Wichita, Kan., laid 1892, 20 years old.
South Street, Springfield, Mo., laid 1892, 20 years old.
West Walnut Street, Springfield, Mo., laid 1892, 20 years old.
Topeka Ave., Topeka, Kansas, 1889, 23 years old.
Van Buren Street, Topeka, Kansas, laid 1889, 23 years old.
Washington Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., laid 1891, 21 years old.

Why invest your money in an experiment when a properly constructed vitrified brick pavement is practically noiseless, absolutely sanitary and will last a life time.

For information, literature, etc., address or phone.

Phone 403
Representative

WESTERN BRICK PAVING MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

COPY.

Tampa, Fla., Oct. 30th, 1911

Mr. E. R. Dick, Sealy, Coffeyville, Kan.

Dear Sir: I have your letter of October 24th making inquiry as to the number of square yards of vitrified brick, asphalt, wood, block paving in this city. I can not give you this information in detail, but I have before me a statement prepared by your city engineer showing that we have about 25 miles of vitrified brick paving, about 12 miles of macadam and 3 miles of cypress block pavement. Our experience has convinced the people that vitrified brick pavements are the most satisfactory and the most economical we can use.

The cypress blocks that have been laid here, rotted quickly and were not sanitary. The macadam made from the lime rock in this country are dusty in dry weather and sloppy in wet weather.

We don't have to build a foundation for our vitrified brick which are laid on the edge, after the sand has been set and rolled. This makes an ideal pavement, being easy to repair, sanitary and to mind, fitting our needs exactly.

(Signed) D. B. McKEAY,
Mayor of Tampa.

The University of Texas

S. E. MEZES, President

T. U. Taylor, C. E. M. C. E. Dean
Engineering Department

The Coffeyville Vitrified Brick and Tile Co.,
Coffeyville, Kansas.

Gentlemen—In response to your letter of June 6th, I wish to state that the University of Texas has contemplated getting out a bulletin on street pavements for several months but it will be impossible to do anything before next fall.

Personally I am as thoroughly of the opinion that vitrified brick is the best pavement for ordinary or heavy traffic as the most enthusiastic brick man in the country. I hope to take the matter up next October but nothing can be done before that date.

Respectfully yours,
T. U. TAYLOR,
Prof. of Civil Engineering

Austin, Texas, June 10, 1912

Respectfully yours,
T. U. TAYLOR,
Prof. of Civil Engineering

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution providing that members of the Board of Regents of the State University and Boards of Trustees and Managers of the Educational, Eleemosynary and penal Institutions shall be elected or appointed for the term of six years.

H. J. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

An Act proposing an amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding a new section thereto, to be entitled, "Section 30a"; providing that the members of the Board of Regents of the State University, and the boards of trustees or managers of educational, eleemosynary and penal institutions of the State and such other boards as have been, or may hereafter be established by law, may be elected or appointed for term of six (6) years, one-third of the members of said boards to be elected or appointed every two (2) years in the manner provided by law, fixing the time for holding the election, and making the appropriation therefor.

It received by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 16 of the Constitution be amended by adding a new section thereto, to be known and designated as "30a", and to read as follows:

Section 30a. The Legislature may provide by law that the members of the Board of Regents of the State University and Boards of Trustees or Managers of the educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions of the State, and such boards as have been, or may hereafter be established by law, may hold their respective offices for the terms of six (6) years, one-third of the members of such boards to be elected or appointed every two (2) years in such manner as the Legislature may determine; vacancies to such offices to be filled as may be provided by law; and the Legislature shall enact suitable laws in giving effect to this section.

It received by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 51, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Article 2. Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation whatsoever; provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1860, and their widows in indigent circumstances, and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since January 1, 1860, and who were married to such soldiers and sailors anterior to January 1, 1860; to indigent and disabled soldiers, who under special laws of the State of Texas, during the war between the States, to the widow of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances, and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1860, provided that the word "widow" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born after 1861, and also to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows, and women who aided in the Confederate under such regulations and limitations as may be provided for by law; provided, the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home.

The Legislature shall have the power to levy and collect, in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas, a State ad valorem tax on property not exceeding five cents on the one-hundred dollars valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate Army and Navy, trustee organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widow of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations, or militia.

See 2. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the general election of State officers in November, 1912. At which election all voters favoring this amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Section 51, Article 2 of the Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions."

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

of the State University, and other Boards of Trustees, or Managers, heretofore or hereafter established by law." And all voters opposed to said amendment shall have printed written on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, regulating the term of office of the Board of Regents of the State University, and other Board of Trustees, or Managers, heretofore or hereafter established by law."

Sec. 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election, and have the same published, as required by the law of this State.

Sec. 4. The sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of said proclamation, publication, and election.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution so as to authorize the Grant of Aid to Indigent and Disabled Soldiers and Sailors and Their Wives.

H. J. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Senate Joint Resolution to amend Section 51, of Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to authorize the grant of aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors and their widows, and to soldiers who served in the militia and in organizations for the protection of the frontier and their indigent widows, and to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for the indigent and dependent wives and widows of Confederate soldiers and sailors, and such women as aided the Confederacy, and authorize a special ad valorem pension tax, and making appropriations for same.

It received by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 51, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Article 2. Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation whatsoever; provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1860, and their widows in indigent circumstances, and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since January 1, 1860, and who were married to such soldiers and sailors anterior to January 1, 1860; to indigent and disabled soldiers, who under special laws of the State of Texas, during the war between the States, to the widow of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances, and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1860, provided that the word "widow" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born after 1861, and also to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows, and women who aided in the Confederate under such regulations and limitations as may be provided for by law; provided, the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home.

The Legislature shall have the power to levy and collect, in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas, a State ad valorem tax on property not exceeding five cents on the one-hundred dollars valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate Army and Navy, trustee organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widow of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations, or militia.

See 2. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the general election of State officers in November, 1912. At which election all voters favoring this amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Section 51, Article 2 of the Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions."

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution so as to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Proposed Amendment.
Proposed amendment to the State Constitution relating to increase of Confederate pensions.

See 3. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this resolution.

T. H. H. No. 93 House Joint Resolution.

Bitulithic Pavement

The One Pavement

THAT IS

DURABLE

NON-SLIPPERY

SANITARY

EASY TO REPAIR

NOISELESS ATTRACTIVE



Ervay Street, Dallas; Leading Thoroughfare From Heart of City South.

The two following letters speak for themselves.

These gentlemen are among Dallas' most prominent business men, they live on Ervay Street and have used it daily for the past 6 years.

MIL. & H. JOHNSON, President, Texas Bitulithic Co., Dallas, Texas.
Dear Sir: It affords me great pleasure to state that I have known close friends of the paragraph you have quoted for many years. They are the men who built up the business of Dallas.

The street on which Ervay Street runs, was the first one built of vitrified material in our city and is now over 20 years old and since that time there has been laid up to 10 miles of this pavement.

Mr. A. H. JOHNSON, President, Texas Bitulithic Co., Dallas, Texas.

Dear Sir: Referring to your inquiry as to the manufacture and its wearing quality, I am pleased to state that I was one of the promoters of Texia, who first established Bitulithic pavement in Texia and the eastern countries who awarded the contract to the Bitulithic Co. to Dallas, Texia, for the paving of the streets. The first street paved with Bitulithic in Dallas, Texia, is about one mile long, and is now over 20 years old, and since that time there has been laid up to 10 miles of this pavement.

Up to this time of introducing Bitulithic in Dallas we had no paved streets in Dallas. We had a few of our main streets paved with Asphalt, which proved almost failure in this climate, and in my opinion the best pavement for business property and in my opinion the best for business property. But has not so far discovered.

I am strictly a Bitulithic man and never think pavement to any that I know of as far.

Yours very